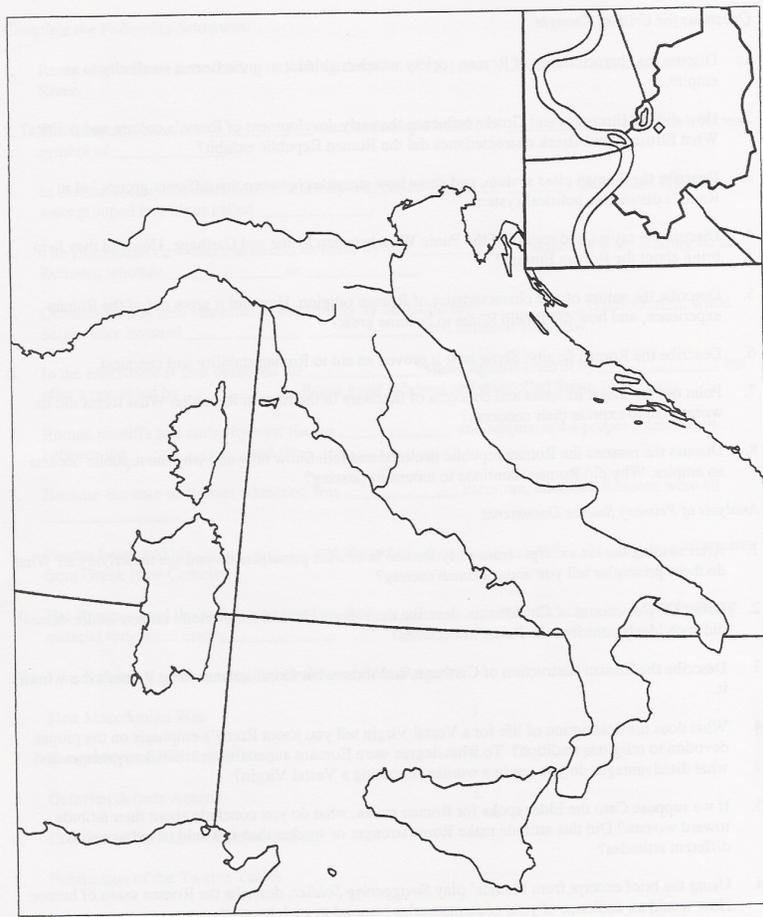


## Rome Lesson One - Geography, Founding, and Rise and Fall of the Republic

- 6.60** On a historical map, identify ancient Rome and trace the extent of the Roman Empire to 500 AD/CE.
- 6.61** Explain how the geographical location of ancient Rome contributed to the shaping of Roman society and the expansion of its political power in the Mediterranean region and beyond.
- 6.62** Explain the rise of the Roman Republic and the role of mythical and historical figures in Roman history, including Romulus and Remus, Hannibal and the Carthaginian Wars, Cicero, Julius Caesar, Augustus, Hadrian, Aeneas, and Cincinnatus.
- 6.63** Describe the government of the Roman Republic and its contribution to the development of democratic principles, including the rule of law (a written constitution), separation of powers, checks and balances, representative government, and civic duty.
- 6.64** Describe the influence of Julius Caesar and Augustus in Rome's transition from a republic to an empire and explain the reasons for the growth and long life of the Roman Empire. · Military organization, tactics, and conquests and decentralized administration · the purpose and functions of taxes · the promotion of economic growth through the use of a standard currency, road construction, and the protection of trade routes · the benefits of a Pax Romana
- 6.67** Describe the characteristics of slavery under the Romans and explain the slave revolt led by Spartacus.

### Watch, "Geography of Rome"

1. Fill in the following geographic features.



2. How did Rome's climate contribute to its early success?


### Watch, "The Founding of Rome"

3. Who is Aeneas and what is their significance in Rome's history?

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4. Who are Romulus and Remus and what is their significance in Rome's history?


**Watch, "The Origin of Rome"**

5. Who were the Latins?


6. How did the following civilizations influence Rome?

Etruscans -

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Greeks -

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7. What is cultural diffusion?


**Watch, "The Roman Republic"**

8. When was Rome founded?

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9. Define the following forms of government used in Rome

Monarchy -

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Republic -

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10. Define the following

Patricians -

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Plebeians -

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11. Describe the following elements of the Roman Republic.

Magistrates -

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Senate -

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Assemblies -

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Tribunes -

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Civic Duty -

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Checks and Balances -

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Roman Law Twelve Tables -

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**Watch, "Roman Expansion"**

12. Define the influence of the following civilizations.

Gauls -

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Carthage -

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Phoenicians -

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13. How was the Roman military organized?


14. Describe each war in the Punic Wars

First -

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Second -

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Third -

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**Watch, "The End of the Republic"**

15. Describe the characteristics of slavery under the Romans and explain the slave revolt led by Spartacus.


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16. Describe the rise of power by Julius Caesar by summarizing the following parts of his life.

Consul -

Rubicon -

Ruler -

Assassination -

17. What happened after Caesars death?

18. What was the Pax Romana?

19. Shade in the territory that made up the Roman Empire



Watch, "Cincinnatus"

20. What role did Cincinnatus play in Rome's history?

21. Who was Cicero?

Watch, "Cicero"

22. What role did Cicero play in the following parts of Rome's history?

The Catiline Conspiracy -

Julius Caesar -

Death -

23. What is Cicero's main impact on the following:

Rome -

The United States -